

# Teens, tech and time online

## Webinar information sheet for parents of secondary school students

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### General tips for supporting your teen online:

- Support your teen by talking about their online activities and experience with digital devices.
- Use our eSafety Young People pages to learn more about online safety issues so you can discuss topics including [pressures from social media](#), [consent and sharing photos](#), [keeping online accounts secure](#) and [digital reputation](#).
- Show your teen eSafety's tips on [spending too much time online](#), so they can take control of their online experience, rather than letting it control them.
- Encourage routines that promote health and balance e.g. creating device-free times and places in your home.
- Talk to your teen about who could be their 'askable adult', and when they would speak with them about an online safety issue.

### Harmful content

[Harmful or inappropriate content](#) is content that a teen might find upsetting, disturbing or offensive.

#### Ways to start the chat:

- Use eSafety's information on how to approach the [hard-to-have conversations](#).
- Use the [eSafety guide](#) to learn more about popular apps, games and social networking sites.
- Explore [eSafety young people](#) together and discuss topics such as [online hate](#) and [violent or inappropriate content](#).
- Learn how to [report illegal content](#).

### Contact with strangers

[Unwanted contact](#) is any type of online communication that your teen finds unpleasant or confronting, or that leads them into a situation where they may be harmed. At worst, it can involve 'grooming' — building a relationship with a teen in order to sexually abuse them. To help your teen:

- Learn and discuss what children can do in [situations where they might feel unsafe](#).
- Explore eSafety Young People together, then discuss [unwanted contact — signs to look out for](#).
- Learn about the features of apps that can expose teens to contact with strangers by exploring our [eSafety guide](#).

## Cyberbullying

[Cyberbullying](#) is using technology to bully a person, hurt or scare them. eSafety can help with the removal of serious cyberbullying content.

### To help:

- Explore [eSafety Young People](#) to help you discuss [what cyberbullying is](#), the [line between banter and bullying](#) and [what to do if your teen has been called a bully](#).
- Use the [eSafety guide](#) to show your teen how to block and report users that make them feel uncomfortable and how to adjust app settings.

## Resources

- Download the [online safety guide for parents and carers](#) — available in 5 languages.
- Use [online safety basics](#) to explore technology issues with your child, negotiate rules and get to know the technology.
- Refer to eSafety's [taming the technology](#) to set screen time tools and parental controls.
- Read eSafety's [privacy and your child](#) to help manage privacy and safety settings. It also offers advice about how to check [location settings](#).
- Explore [the big issues](#) and find out more about cyberbullying, online pornography, time online, gaming, unwanted contact and grooming.
- Check eSafety's [skills and advice](#) resources—establishing good habits, hard to have conversations and using parental controls.
- Show your child how to contact [Kids Helpline](#) or other support services and learn the details of [Parentline](#) in your state or territory.
- Be smart and secure when choosing tech gifts for children by reviewing the [eSafety gift guide](#).
- If you have children under five, read [eSafety Early Years](#) for more information and resources.
- For parents of teens, visit [eSafety Young People](#).
- Look at [eSafety Parents](#) for advice, resources and links specifically tailored for parents' needs.

## References

[eSafety Research](#)